

EXERCISE ON INDEPENDENCE, SUMS, MOMENTS

- (1) X is distributed as $U(0, 1)$, i.e. it has pdf equal to 1 on $[0, 1]$ and zero elsewhere. Y is independent of X and distributed with pdf e^{-y} on $[0, \infty)$, zero elsewhere. What is the pdf of $X + Y$? Show it analytically and also sketch it.
- (2) For this same X and Y , what are the pdf's of $\min\{X, Y\}$ and $\max\{X, Y\}$?
- (3) Prove that there is no distribution on \mathbb{R}^1 for which the the Tchebychev inequality holds with equality everywhere on a set of the form $|x| > b$. That is, there is no pair of random variable X and real number b such that

$$(\forall a > b)P[|X| \geq a] = \frac{EX^2}{a^2}.$$

- (4) A classic econometric model is the Tobit model. We observe (say) consumption C_i and income Y_i for individuals $i = 1, \dots, n$, and we believe the conditional distribution of $C_i | Y_i$ has the $N(\gamma + Y_i\beta, \sigma^2)$ pdf over the set $C_i > 0$, and a discrete lump of probability equal to $\Phi(-(\gamma + Y_i\beta)/\sigma)$, where Φ is the cdf of a $N(0, 1)$ distribution, at $C_i = 0$. The motivation here is that $C_i | Y_i$ is thought of as generated by first drawing from a normal distribution, then converting any negative values to zero before reporting them.

Suppose we know that $\sigma^2 = 9$, $\gamma = 1$ and $\beta = .87$. We also know that the marginal distribution of income Y_i has pdf ye^{-y} on $[0, \infty)$.

- (a) What is the conditional distribution of $Y_i | \{C_i = 3\}$?
- (b) What is the conditional distribution of $Y_i | \{C_i = 0\}$? *In each of these cases Y has a conditional density that can be written out. You can use the standard normal cdf Φ in the expression.*
- (c) Sketch or draw with a computer, on the same graph, both conditional pdf's for Y_i and the marginal pdf ye^{-y} . Be sure you have normalized so all three have the same integral.