## EXERCISE ON WAYS TO LOOK AT REGRESSION

Suppose we have data drawn from an equal-probability weighted mixture of two bivariate normal distributions,

$$N\left(\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\end{bmatrix},I\right)$$
 and  $N\left(\begin{bmatrix}2\\4\end{bmatrix},I\right)$ ,

where the variables are X and Y (so E[X] = 1.5 and E[Y] = 2.5). Let  $\beta^* = (a, b)'$  be the squared-error-minimizing coefficients in the linear regression equation Y = a + bX + u.

- (1) Calculate  $\beta^*$ .
- (2) Calculate the function f(X) = E[Y | X].
- (3) Calculate  $\sigma^2(X) = \operatorname{Var}(u \mid X)$ .
- (4) Calculate Var( $Y f(X) \mid X$ ) at x values -1, 1, 1.5, 2, and 4. Compare to  $\sigma^2(X)$  at those values of x and to the unconditional Var(u)
- (5) Plot a scatter of 100 random data points drawn from this distribution, and on the same plot show the a + bX line and the f(x) line.
- (6) (optional, as it's lots of algebra) Calculate the asymptotic covariance matrix of the least squares estimate of  $\beta^*$ .
- (7) The GLS formula might suggest using weighted least squares here, with the weights on the observations one over the square root of the  $Var(u \mid X)$  function you calculated in 3. Here this estimator does not improve on OLS, though. Why?

*Date*: February 8, 2018.

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